

Subpart G—Refugee Medical Assistance

SOURCE: 54 FR 5480, Feb. 3, 1989, unless otherwise noted.

§ 400.90 Basis and scope.

This subpart sets forth requirements concerning grants to States under section 412(e) of the Act for refugee medical assistance (RMA), as defined at § 400.2 of this part.

§ 400.91 Definitions.

For purposes of this subpart—

Medically needy means individuals who are eligible for medical assistance under a State's approved Medicaid State plan in accordance with section 1902(a)(10)(C) of the Social Security Act.

Spend down means to deduct from countable income incurred medical expenses, thereby lowering the amount of countable income to a level that meets financial eligibility requirements in accordance with 42 CFR 435.831 (or, as applicable to Guam, the Virgin Islands, and Puerto Rico, 42 CFR 436.831).

APPLICATIONS, DETERMINATIONS OF ELIGIBILITY, AND FURNISHING ASSISTANCE

§ 400.93 Opportunity to apply for medical assistance.

(a) A State must provide any individual wishing to do so an opportunity to apply for medical assistance and must determine the eligibility of each applicant.

(b) In determining eligibility for medical assistance, the State agency must comply with regulations governing applications, determinations of eligibility, and furnishing Medicaid (including the opportunity for fair hearings) in the States and the District of Columbia under 42 CFR Part 435, Subpart J, and in Guam, Puerto Rico, and the Virgin Islands under 42 CFR Part 436, Subpart J, and 42 CFR Part 431, Subpart E.

(c) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the State must notify promptly the agency (or local affiliate) which provided for the initial resettlement of a refugee whenever the refugee applies for medical assistance.

(d) In providing notice to an applicant or recipient to indicate that assistance has been authorized or that it has been denied or terminated, the State must specify the program(s) to which the notice applies, clearly distinguishing between refugee medical assistance and Medicaid. For example, if a refugee applies for assistance, is determined ineligible for Medicaid but eligible for refugee medical assistance, the notice must specify clearly the determinations with respect both to Medicaid and to refugee medical assistance.

§ 400.94 Determination of eligibility for Medicaid.

(a) The State must determine Medicaid eligibility under its Medicaid State plan for each individual member of a family unit that applies for medical assistance.

(b) A State that provides Medicaid to medically needy individuals in the State under its State plan must determine a refugee applicant's eligibility for Medicaid as medically needy.

(c) A State must provide medical assistance under the Medicaid program to all refugees eligible under its State plan.

(d) If the appropriate State agency determines that the refugee applicant is not eligible for Medicaid under its State plan, the State must determine the applicant's eligibility for refugee medical assistance.

[54 FR 5480, Feb. 3, 1989, as amended at 60 FR 33603, June 28, 1995]

CONDITIONS OF ELIGIBILITY FOR REFUGEE MEDICAL ASSISTANCE

§ 400.100 General eligibility requirements.

(a) Eligibility for refugee medical assistance is limited to those refugees who—

(1) Are ineligible for Medicaid but meet the financial eligibility standards under § 400.101;

(2) Meet immigration status and identification requirements in Subpart D of this part or are the dependent children of, and part of the same filing unit as, individuals who meet the requirements in Subpart D, subject to

the limitation in § 400.208 of this part with respect to nonrefugee children;

(3) Meet eligibility requirements and conditions in this subpart;

(4) Have not been denied, or terminated from, refugee cash assistance under § 400.82 of this part;

(5) Provide the name of the resettlement agency which resettled them; and

(6) Are not full-time students in institutions of higher education, as defined by the Director, except where such enrollment is approved by the State, or its designee, as part of an individual employability plan for a refugee under § 400.79 of this part or a plan for an unaccompanied minor in accordance with § 400.112.

(b) A refugee may be eligible for refugee medical assistance under this subpart during a period of time to be determined by the Director in accordance with § 400.211.

(c) The State agency may not require that a refugee actually receive or apply for refugee cash assistance as a condition of eligibility for refugee medical assistance.

(d) All recipients of refugee cash assistance who are not eligible for Medicaid are eligible for refugee medical assistance.

[45 FR 59323, Sept. 9, 1980, as amended at 58 FR 46090, Sept. 1, 1993; 58 FR 64507, Dec. 8, 1993; 60 FR 33603, June 28, 1995]

§ 400.101 Financial eligibility standards.

In determining eligibility for refugee medical assistance, the State agency must use—

(a) In States with medically needy programs under 42 CFR Part 435, Subpart D, the State's medically needy financial eligibility standards established under 42 CFR Part 435, Subpart I, and as reflected in the State's approved title XIX State Medicaid plan; and

(b) In States without a medically needy program, the State's AFDC need standards established under § 233.20(a)(2) of this title.

§ 400.102 Consideration of income and resources.

(a) Except as specified in paragraph (b) of this section, in considering financial eligibility of applicants for refugee

medical assistance, the State agency must use—

(1) In States with medically needy programs, the standards governing determination of income eligibility in 42 CFR 435.831, and as reflected in the State's approved title XIX State Medicaid plan; and

(2) In States without medically needy programs, the standards governing consideration of income and resources of AFDC applicants in § 233.20(a) (3) through (11) of this title, except as specified in § 400.61(a) of this part.

(b) The State may not consider in-kind services and shelter provided to an applicant by a sponsor or resettlement agency in determining eligibility for and receipt of refugee medical assistance.

§ 400.103 Coverage of refugees who spend down to AFDC need standard.

In States without a medically needy program, if an applicant for refugee medical assistance does not meet the appropriate AFDC need standard, the State agency must allow that individual to spend down to the AFDC need standard using the methods for deducting incurred medical expenses set forth in 42 CFR 435.831(c).

§ 400.104 Continued coverage of recipients who receive increased earnings from employment.

If a refugee who is receiving refugee medical assistance receives increased earnings from employment, the increased earnings shall not affect the refugee's continued medical assistance eligibility. The refugee shall continue to receive refugee medical assistance until he/she reaches the end of his or her time-eligibility period for refugee medical assistance, in accordance with § 400.100(b). In cases where a refugee obtains private medical coverage, any payment of RMA for that individual must be reduced by the amount of the third party payment.

[60 FR 33603, June 28, 1995]

SCOPE OF MEDICAL SERVICES

§ 400.105 Mandatory services.

In providing refugee medical assistance to refugees, a State must provide